



INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS OF THE
EGYPTIAN
OPHTHALMOLOGICAL SOCIETY

In collaboration with:



MEACO
MIDDLE EAST AFRICA
COUNCIL OF OPHTHALMOLOGY

Vault prediction algorithm with OCT and UBM platforms

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 **BARRAQUER**



Preop clinical data

Mean (SD) Median (Range)	Eyecryl group (36 eyes / 18 patients)
Manifest sphere (D)	-6,30 (4,86) -5,25 (-18.00 to 5.25)
Manifest cylinder (D)	-1.32 (0,99) -1.00 (-0.00 to -4.00)
SE (D)	-6,96 (4,79) -6,31 (-18.25 to 4.25)
ECD (cells/mm) ²	2721 (278) 2731 (1914 to 3253)
CCT (µm)	512 (33) 509 (450 to 607)
ACD (mm)	3.17 (0.26) 3.16 (2.80 to 3.80)
K1 (D)	43,66 (1.75) 43.75 (40.70 to 46.80)
K2 (D)	45.16 (1.57) 45.25 (42.70 to 48.40)
HIVD (mm)	11.87 (0.36) 11.83 (10.79 to 12.49)
Lens rise MS39 (µm)	-519 (166) -506 (-803 to -188)
Lens Rise CASIA 2	132 (162) 140 (-179 to 434)
ATA CASIA 2	12.11 (0.56) 12.17 (13,66 to 10.78)

Preop clinical data

VAULT analysis with 2 OCT: MS-39[®] and CASIA 2[®]

Mean (SD) Median (Range)	Eyecryl group (36 eyes / 18 patients)
Implanted Power IOL (Sph)	-8,33 D ($\pm 4,97$) -8.50 (-19.00 to 4.50)
Implanted Power IOL (Cyl)	-1.14 D (± 1.24) 0,75 (0.00 to 4.50)
Implanted Size	12.86 mm (± 0.40) 13.0 (12.00 to 13.50)

WTW
CLR



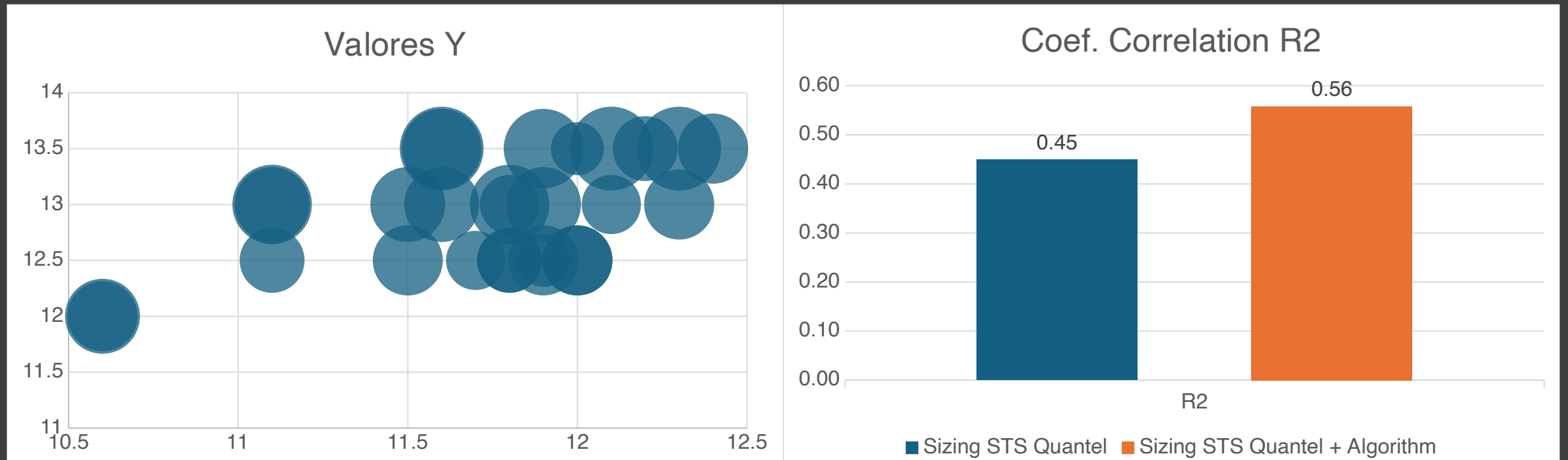
WTW
ATA
CLR

STS



WTW

UBM findings

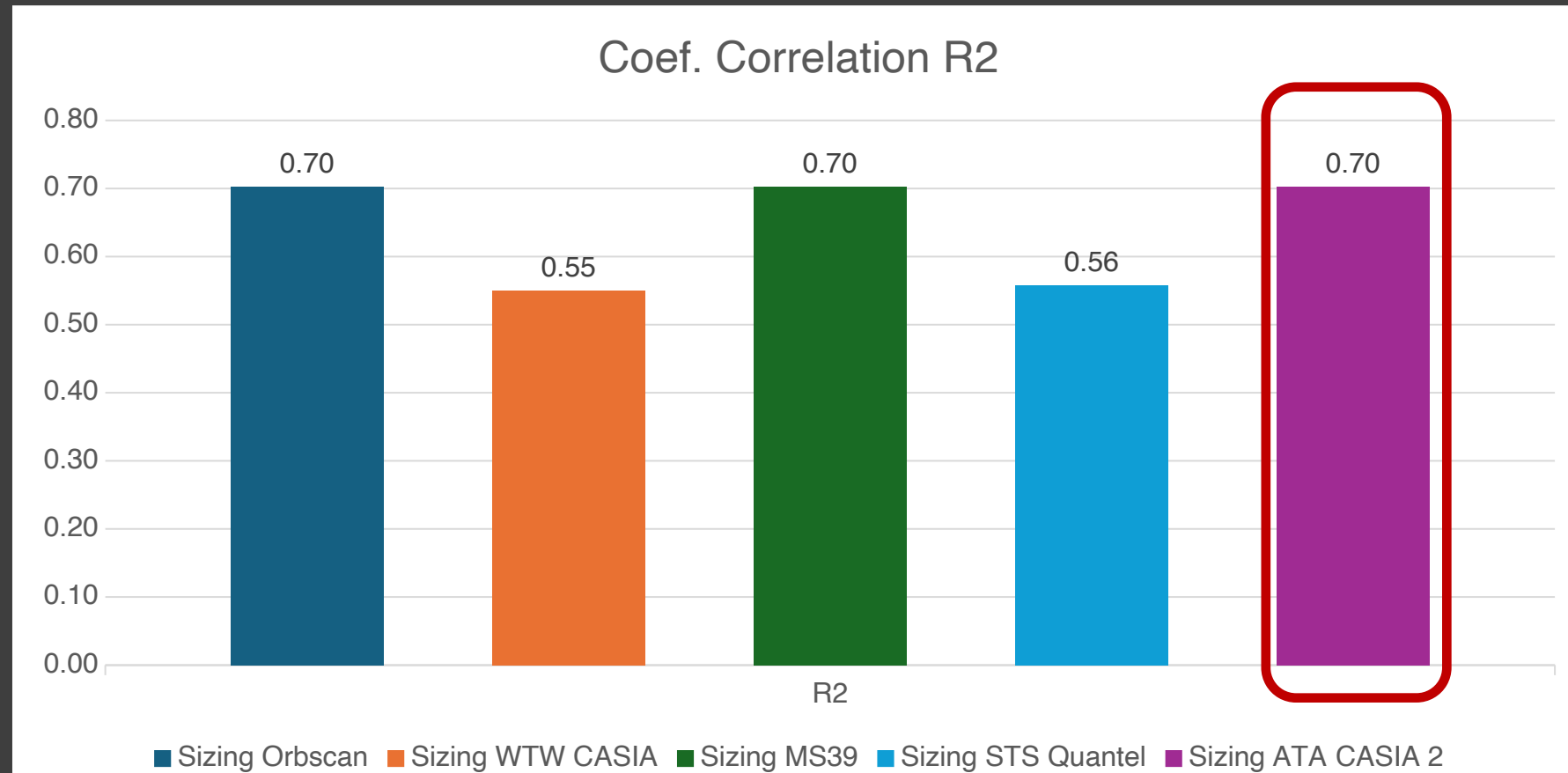


R² Correlation all formulas

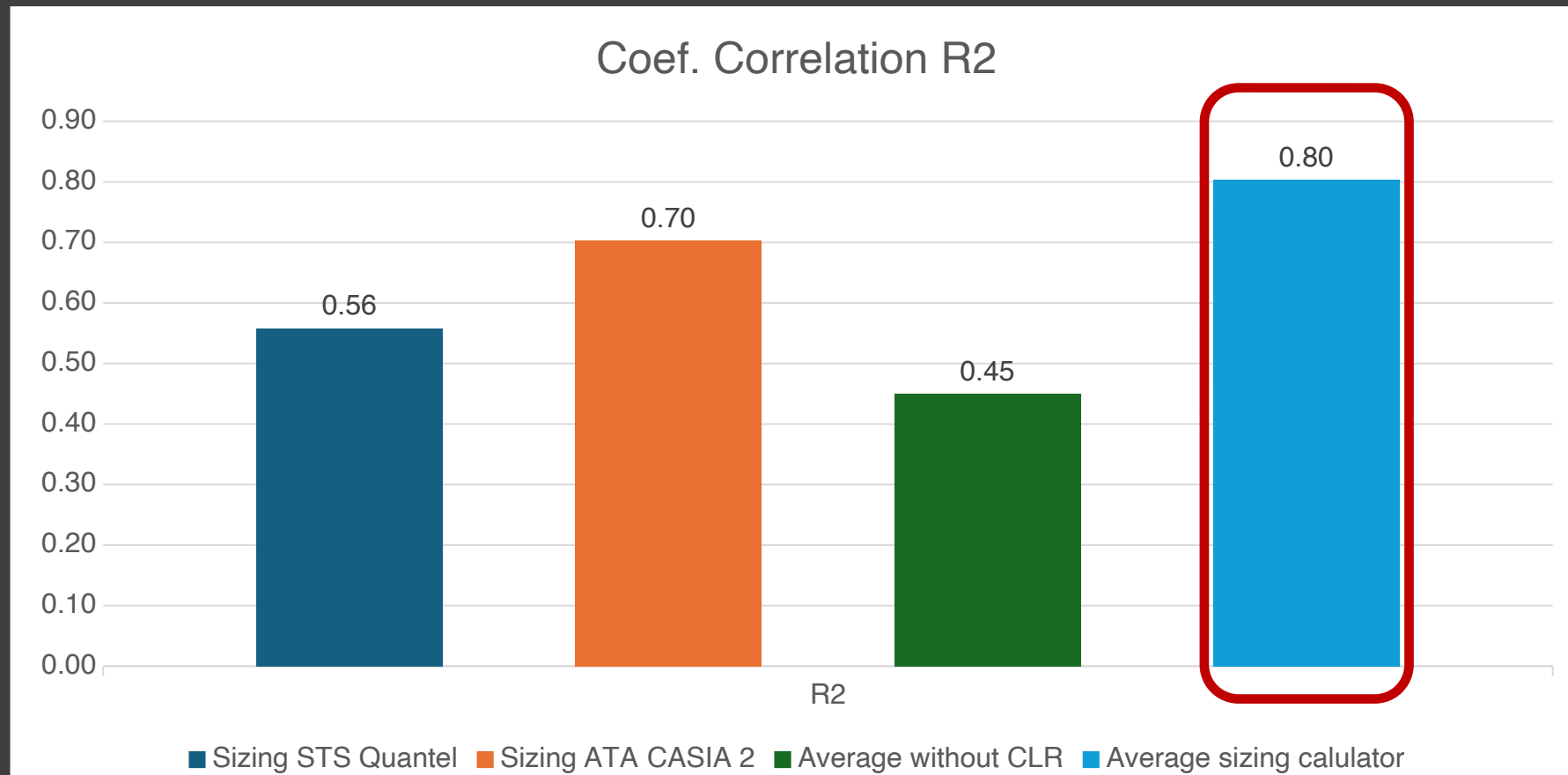
Author	Instrument	N° de ejes	Fórmula	R²
Lamarche et al. 2017 (14)	RMU	-	$K1 \text{ (interior)} = 0.104 + 0.419 \text{ (ETB)} + 0.0005 \text{ (N)} \text{ (mm)}$	-
Dougeny et al. 2017 (45)	RMU	-	$K1 \text{ (interior)} = 0.150 + 0.462 \text{ (ETB)} + 0.001 \text{ (mm)} + 0.002 \text{ (N)} \text{ (mm)}$	-
Eggen et al. 2018 (46)	RMU	47	$C_{11} \text{ (interior)} = 1.075 + 0.46 \text{ (STB)} + 0.01 \text{ (N)} + 0.001 \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.001 \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)}$	0.93
Lee et al. 2018 (3)	RMU	179	$\text{Value} = 0.962 \text{ (N)} + 0.0001 \text{ (C)} \text{ (mm)} + 0.001 \text{ (STB)} + 0.0005 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} + 0.0003 \text{ (mm)} + 0.0001 \text{ (N)}$	0.97
Zhang et al. 2018 (37)	RMU + Ortoplast	25	$\text{Value} = 0.785 + 0.002 \text{ (mm)} \text{ (C)} + 0.001 \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.0001 \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)}$	0.98
Kou et al. 2018 (32)	Custo 2 (OCT SR)	46	$C_{11} \text{ (interior)} = 0.990 + 0.001 \text{ (STB)} + 0.001 \text{ (N)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)}$	0.98
Lee et al. 2018 (2)	Ortoplast (OCT SR)	137	$\text{Value} = 0.785 + 0.002 \text{ (mm)} \text{ (C)} + 0.001 \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.0001 \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)}$	0.98
Ispahani et al. 2018 (47)	Custo 2 (OCT SR)	44	$\text{Value} = 0.99 + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} + 0.001 \text{ (N)}$	0.9
Kou et al. 2018 (34)	Custo 2 (OCT SR)	8	$\text{Value} = 0.775 + 0.001 \text{ (STB)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)}$	0.96
Tanaka et al. 2019 (33)	Ortoplast (OCT SR)	363	$\text{Value} = 0.99 + 0.001 \text{ (STB)} + 0.001 \text{ (N)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)} + 0.001 \text{ (N)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)}$	0.94
Chen et al. 2019 (48)	Ortoplast + Perforator K1 Interfer	8	$\text{Value} = 0.99 + 0.001 \text{ (STB)} + 0.001 \text{ (N)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)} + 0.001 \text{ (N)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)}$	0.96
Kou et al. 2019 (35)	Custo 2 (OCT SR)	145	$\text{Value} = 0.99 + 0.001 \text{ (STB)} + 0.001 \text{ (N)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)}$	-
Kong et al. 2019 (5)	Custo 2 (OCT SR)	2276	$\text{Value} = 0.99 + 0.001 \text{ (STB)} + 0.001 \text{ (N)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)}$	-
Zhang et al. 2019 (39)	RMU K1 Interfer	53	$\text{Value} = 0.99 + 0.001 \text{ (STB)} + 0.001 \text{ (N)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)}$	0.94
Shen et al. 2019 (55)	RMU + P. Interfer K1 Interfer	6297	$\text{Value} = 0.99 + 0.001 \text{ (STB)} + 0.001 \text{ (N)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)}$	0.93
Ispahani et al. 2019 (49)	Custo 2 (OCT SR)	46	$\text{Value} = 0.99 + 0.001 \text{ (STB)} + 0.001 \text{ (N)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)}$	-
Yu et al. 2019 (54)	RMU + OCT SR K1 Interfer	14	$\text{Value} = 0.99 + 0.001 \text{ (STB)} + 0.001 \text{ (N)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)}$	-
Zhang et al. 2019 (56)	RMU	-	$\text{Value} = 0.99 + 0.001 \text{ (STB)} + 0.001 \text{ (N)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)}$	-
Chen et al. 2019 (50)	RMU + Perforator + Ortoplast	194	$\text{Value} = 0.99 + 0.001 \text{ (STB)} + 0.001 \text{ (N)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (interior)} + 0.001 \text{ (L)} \text{ (mm)} \text{ (exterior)}$	0.92

Autor	Instrumentos	N.º de ojos	Fórmula	R²
Cui et al., 2023 (57)	BMU + Pentacam + OCT -SS Biometrio	122	$Vault = -2,179 - 0,227 (CTCv) - 0,783 (CLR \text{ medido de CTC}) + 0,472 (ICL \text{ tamaño})$	0,71
Eldanasy et al., 2023 (58)	MS39 (OCT-SA)	237	$ICL (talla) = 5,18 - 0,0189 (CRD) + 0,4019 (WTW) + 0,2478 (ATA) + 0,182 (CLR \text{ medida desde ATA})$	-
Kim et al., 2023 (59)	Anterior (OCT-SA)	892	$Vault = -1052,26 + 129,94 (AQD) - 134,54 \times ATA - 21753 (LT) + 283,62 (ICL \text{ tamaño})$ $ICL (talla) = 5,472 - 0,458 (AQD) + 0,474 (ATA) + 0,767 (EC)$	0,34
Rocamora et al., 2023 (60)	IOLMaster700 + MS39	115	www.id.emmetropia.be	-
Russo et al., 2023 (61)	MS39 (OCT-SA)	561	Inteligencia artificial	0,68
Wu et al., 2023 (62)	BMU+ Casia 2 + Sirius		$Vault = -319,43 + 414,98 (ICL \text{ tamaño}) - 111,78 (ATA) - 0,59 (CLR \text{ medida desde ATA}) - 3,12 (ASC)$	0,67
Xu et al., 2021 (63)	BMU+ Visante + IOLMaster 700	137	$Vault = -2279,6 + 575 (ICL \text{ tamaño}) + 175,5 (ACD) - 161,2 ATA - 203,7 (WTW) - 190,4 (LT)$	0,43
Yang et al., 2023 (14)	VG200d (OCT-SA)	226	$Vault = -1,825,6 + 380,3 (ICL \text{ tamaño}) + 294,3 (ACD) - 3878 (ATA) - 0,22 (CLR \text{ medido desde ATA}) - 5,0 (ACA \text{ temporal})$	0,39
Di et al. 2023 (64)	Visante (OCT-SA)	150	$Vault (g/l \text{ semana}) = -1,279 + 0,291 (ACD) + 0,21 (ICL \text{ tamaño}) - 0,144 (ATA)$	0,67

Correlation between measurements and the perfect size

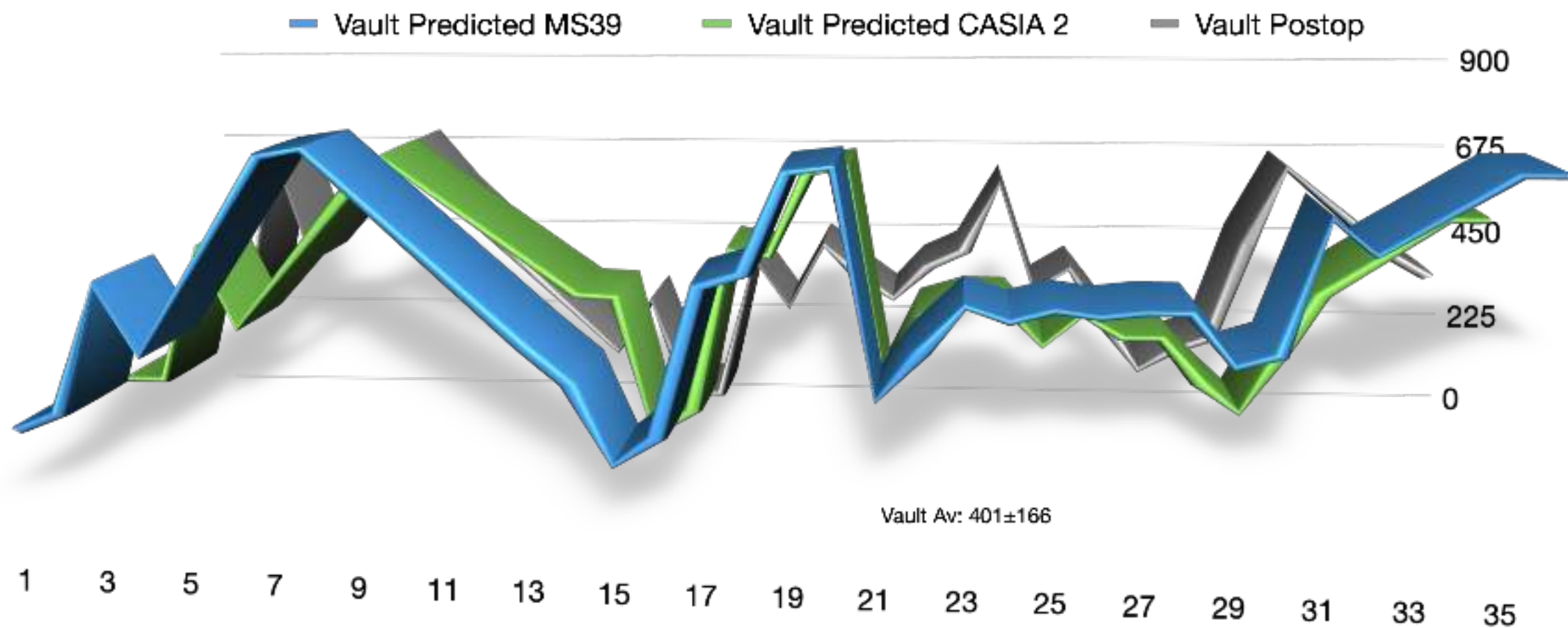


Correlation between measurements and the perfect size

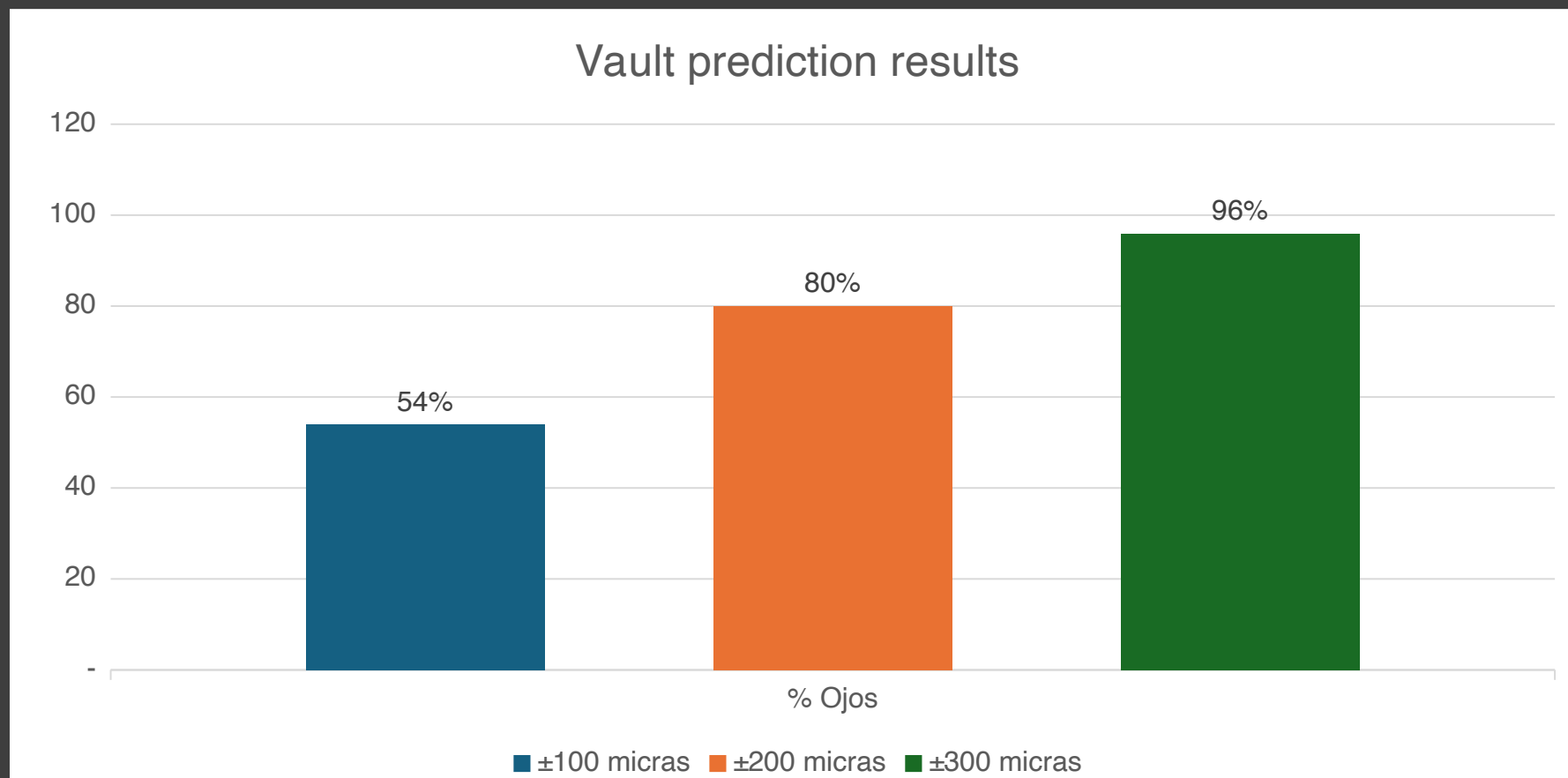


Biotech calculator nomogram for Eyecryl Phakic: MS39/CASIA 2

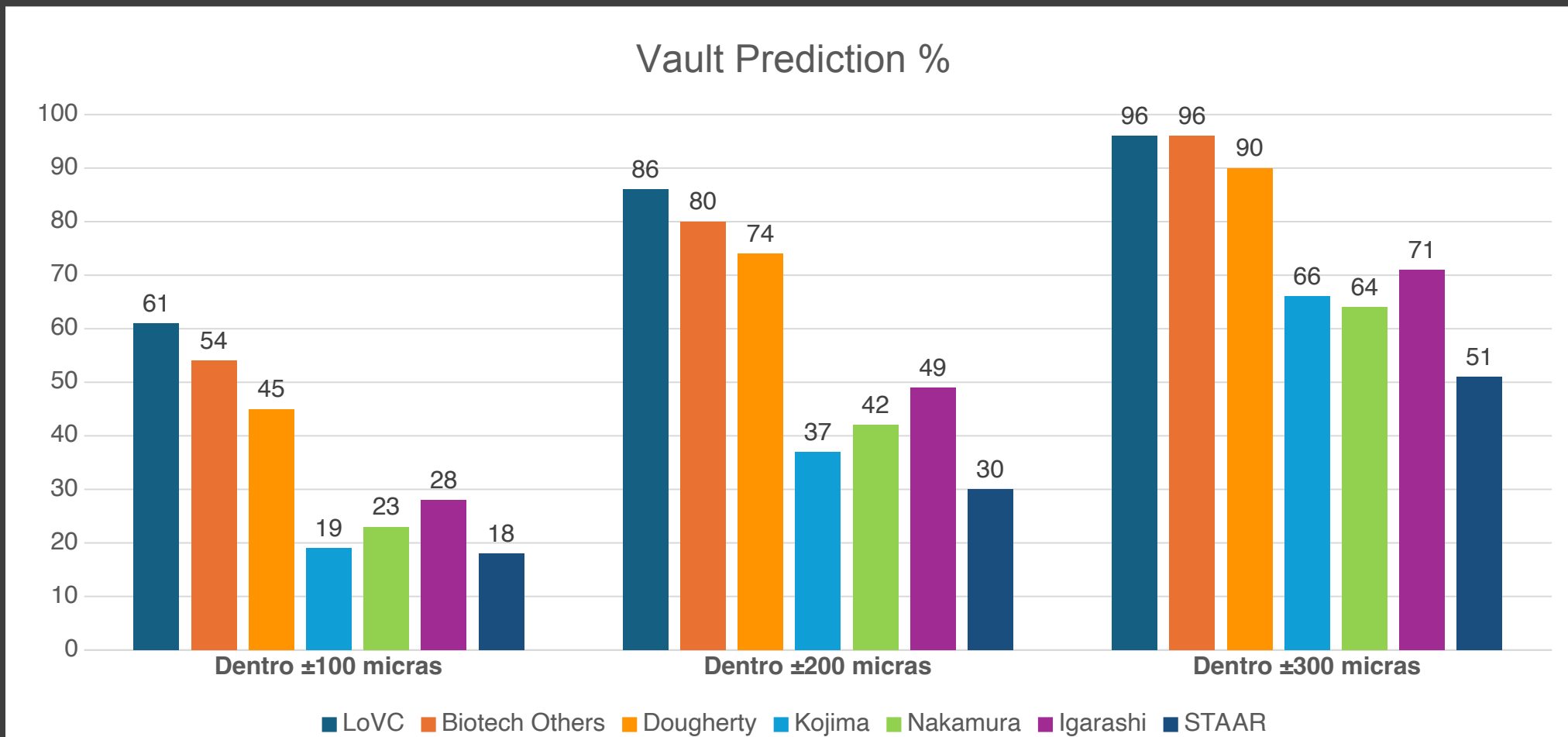
*Data from Centro de Oftalmología Barraquer



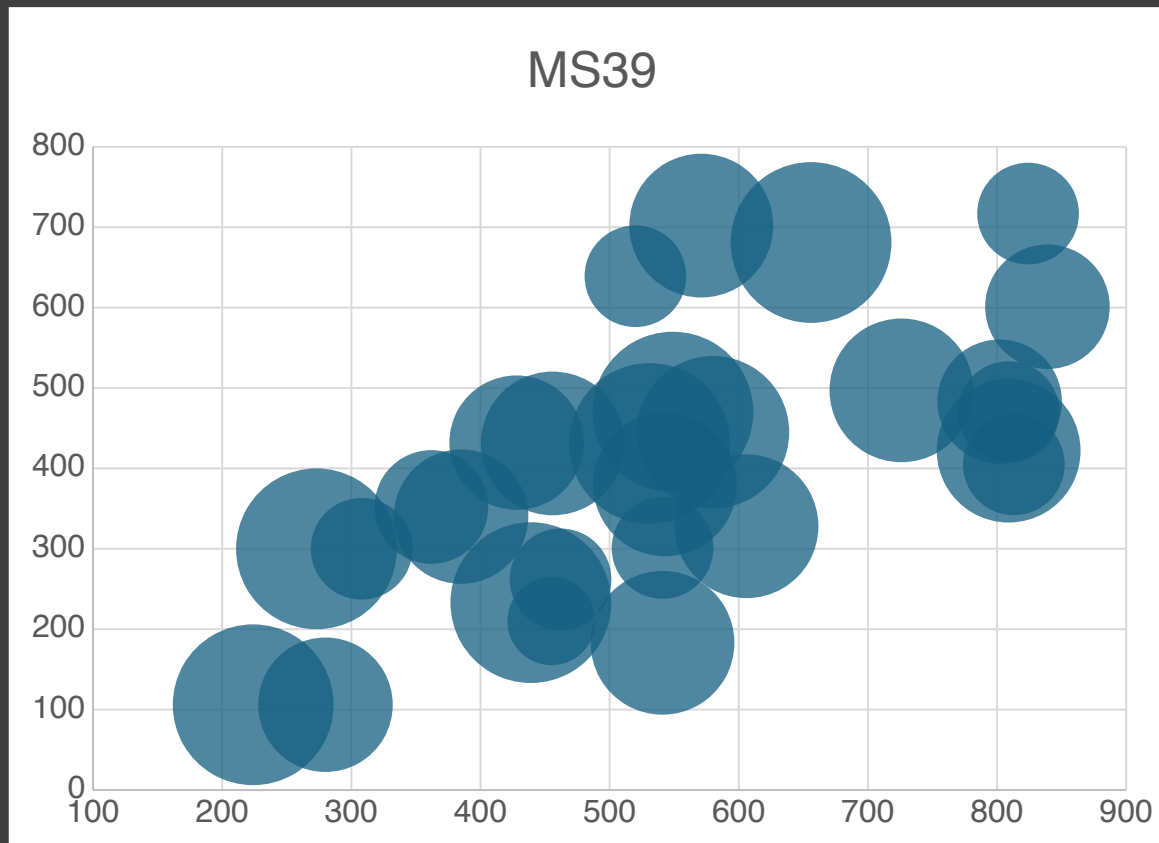
Vault prediction capability



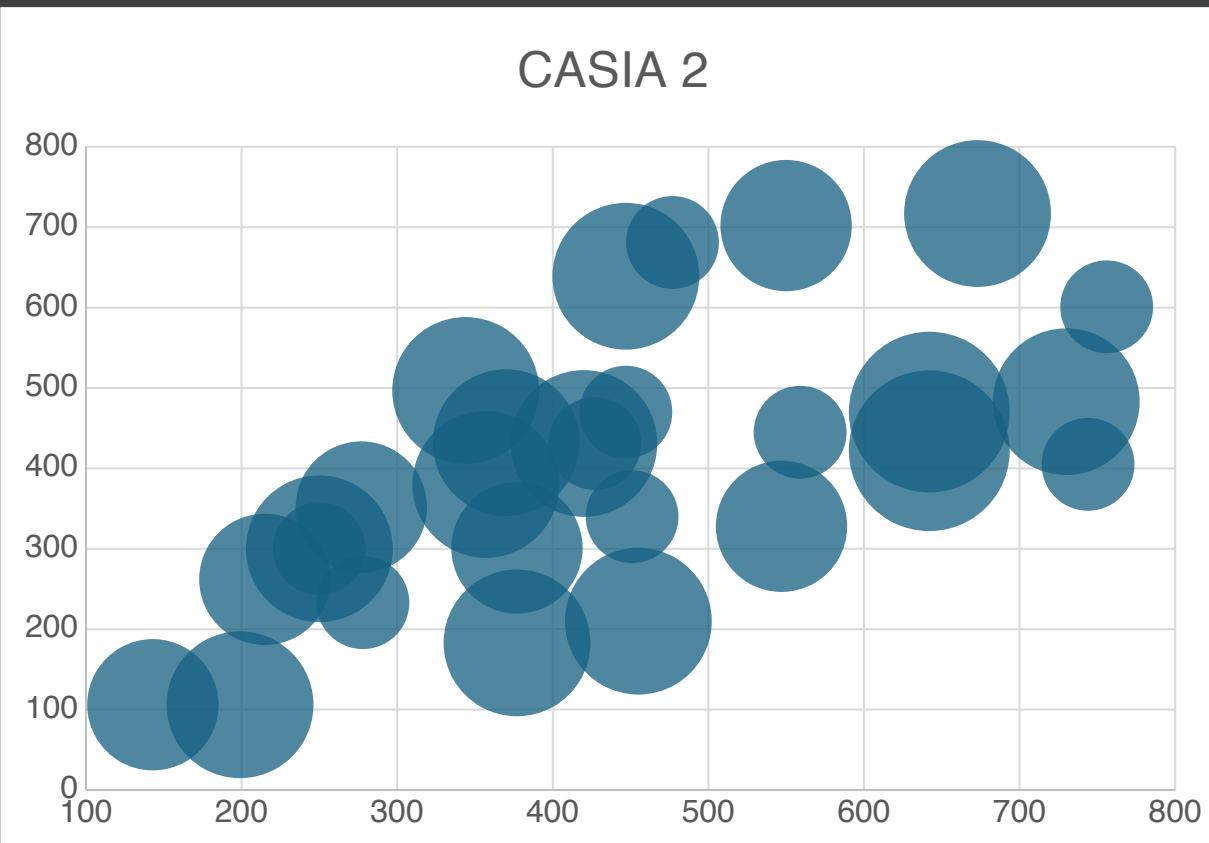
Vault prediction capability



Vault prediction capability (Automatic CLR)



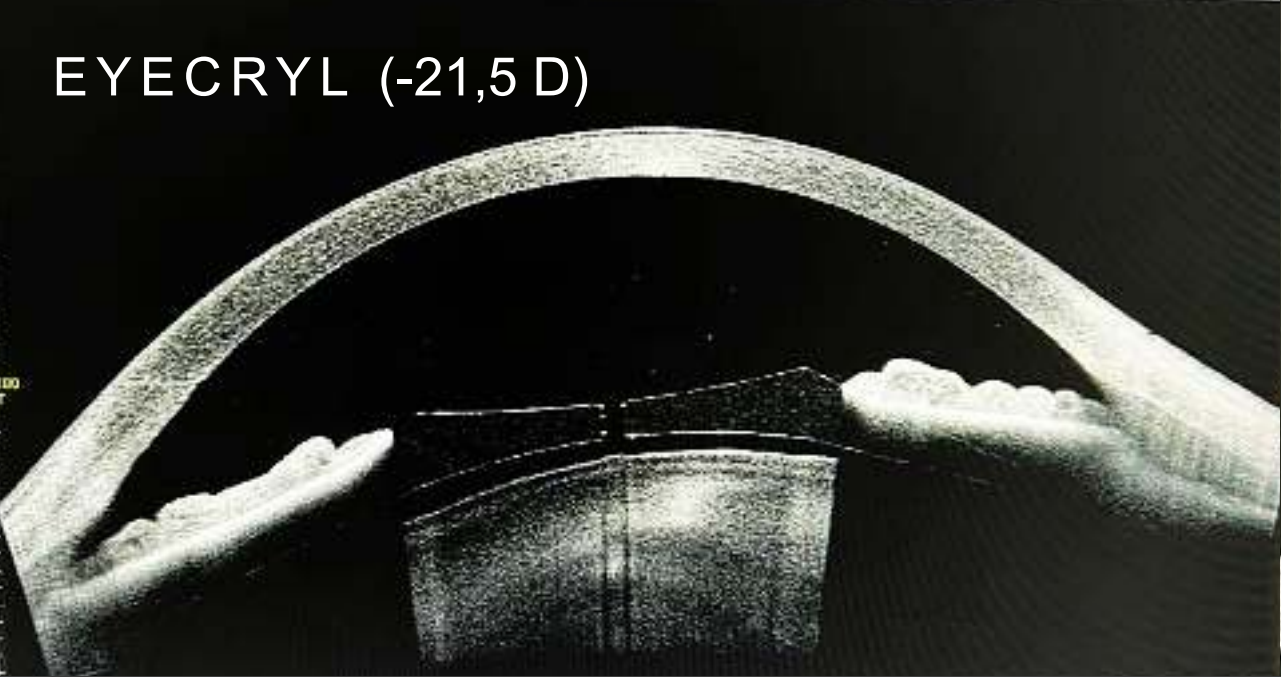
Coef. Correl: 0,640
R²: 0,410



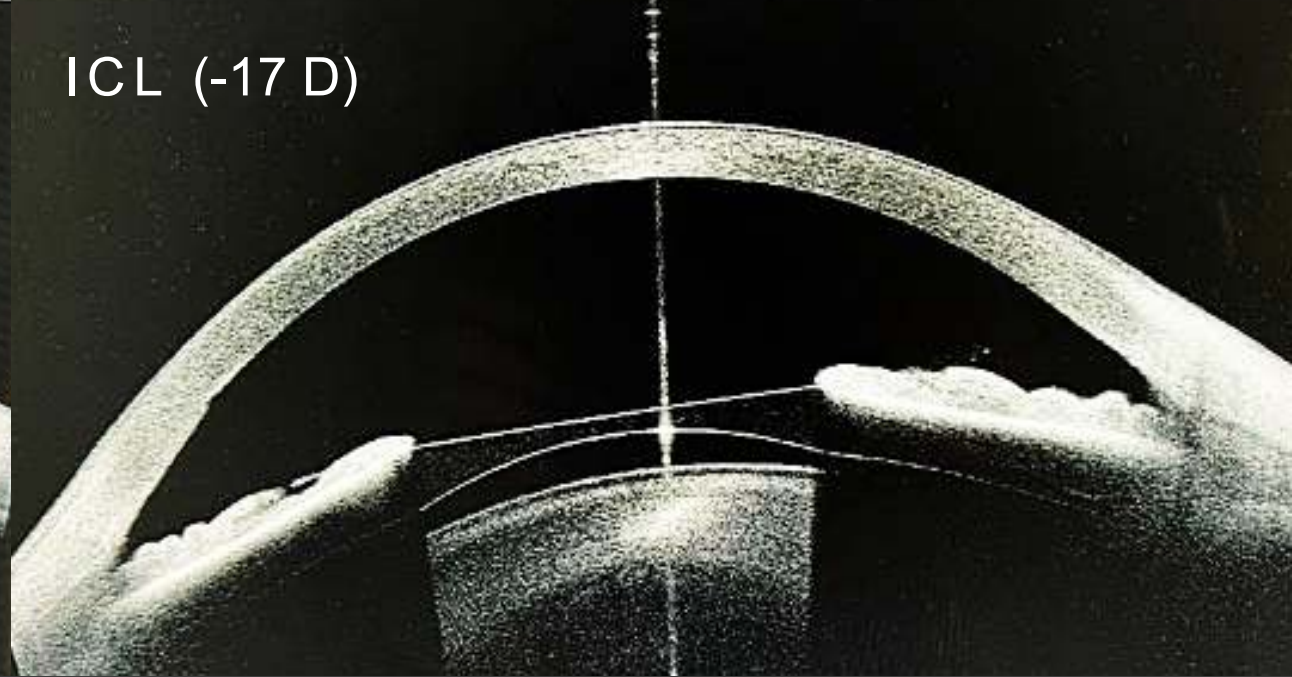
Coef. Correl: 0,637
R²: 0,406

Advance memory material

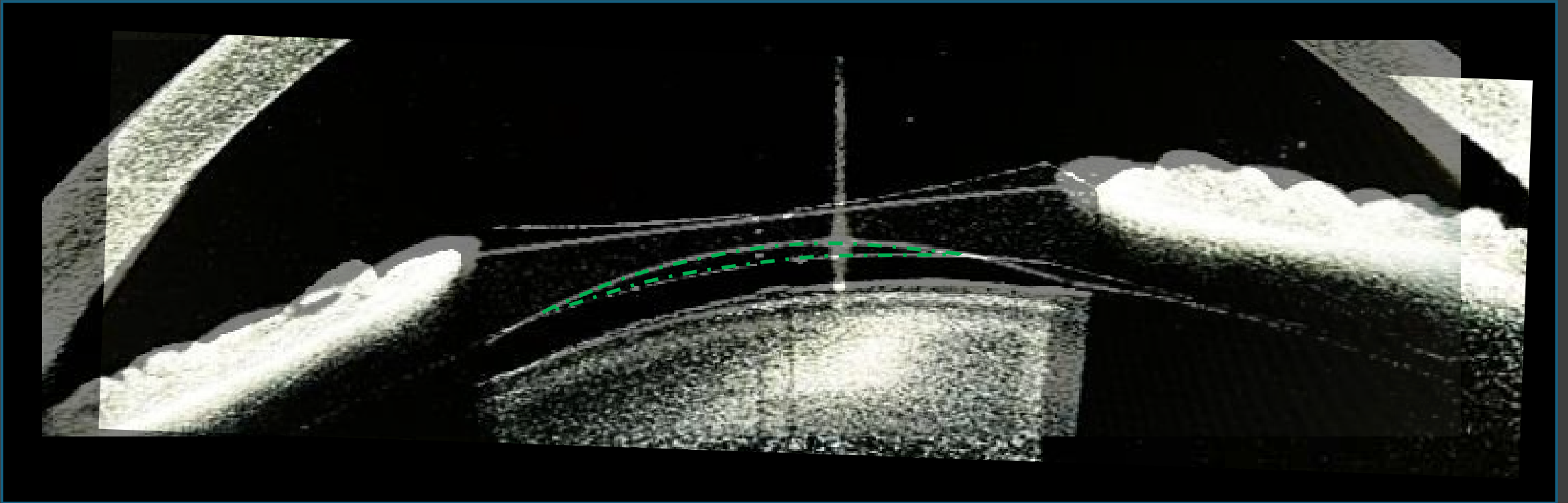
EYECRYL (-21,5 D)



ICL (-17 D)

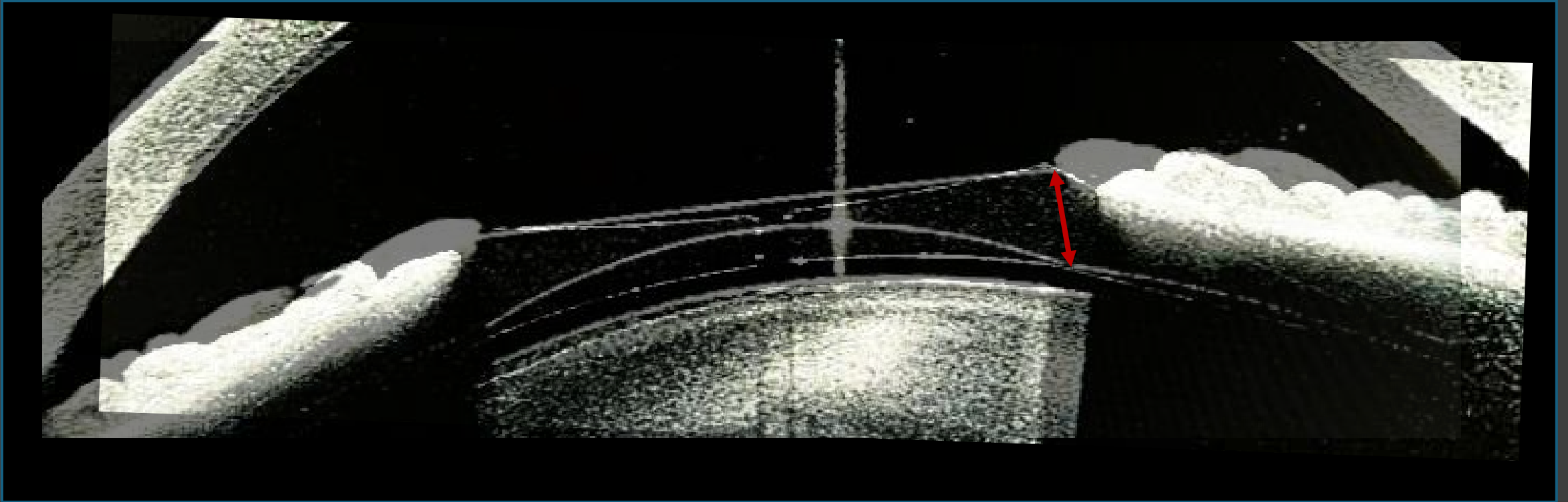


Advance memory material



Optimized architecture

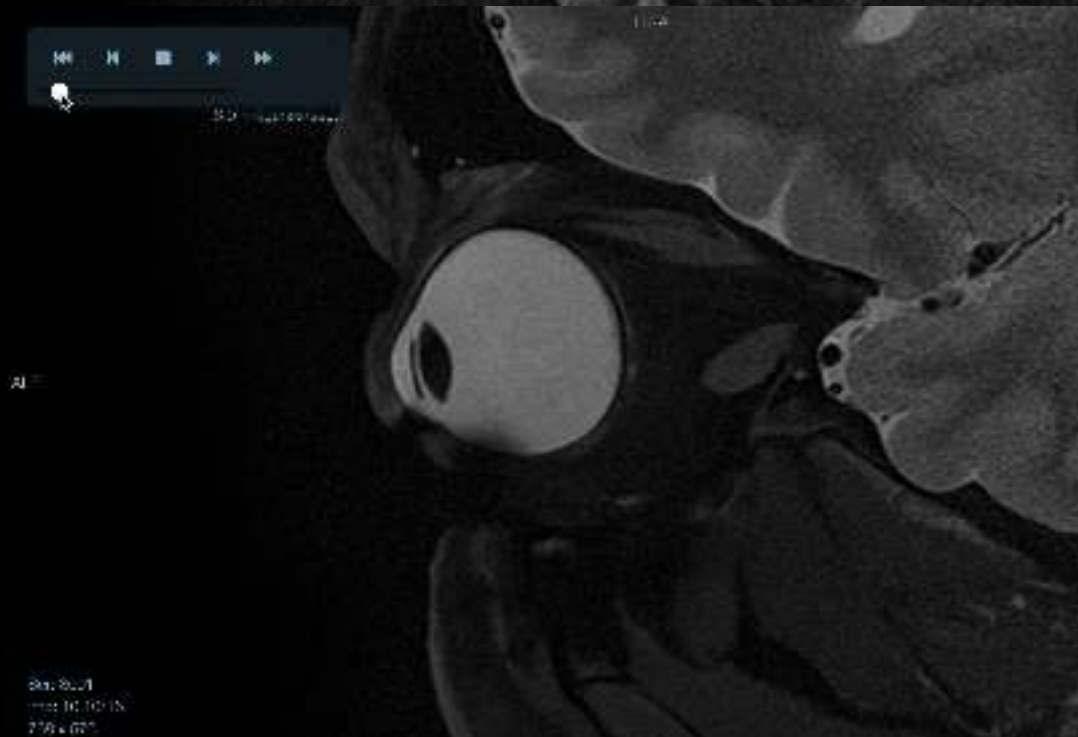
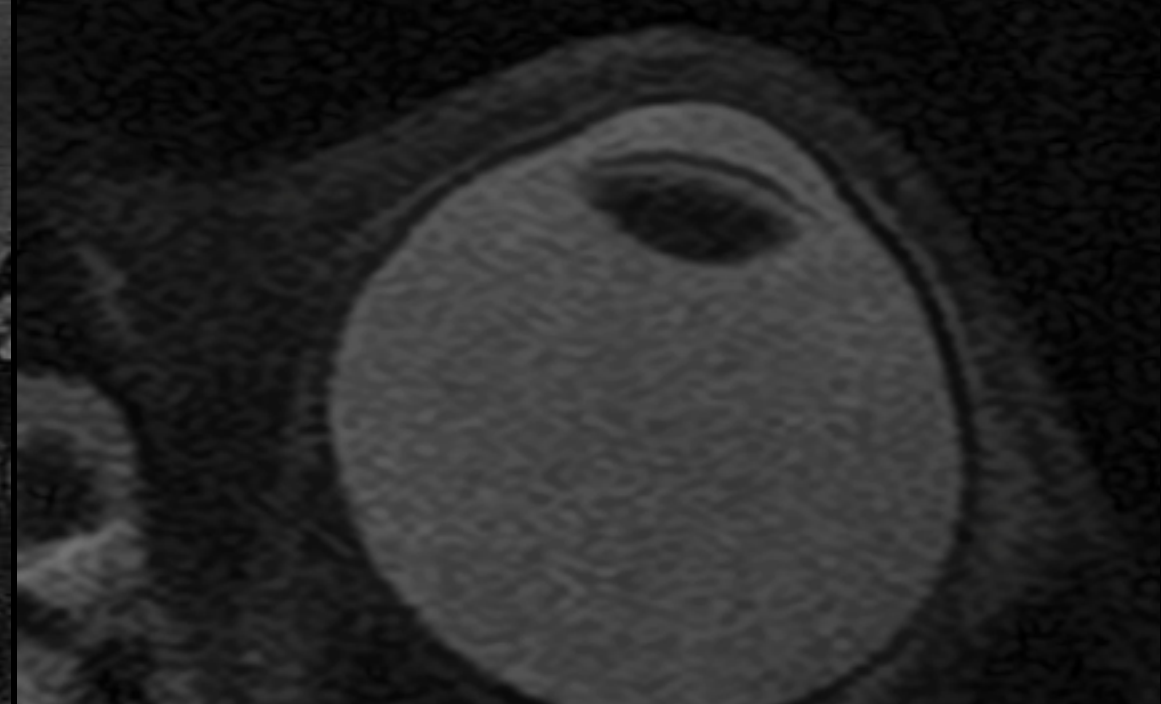
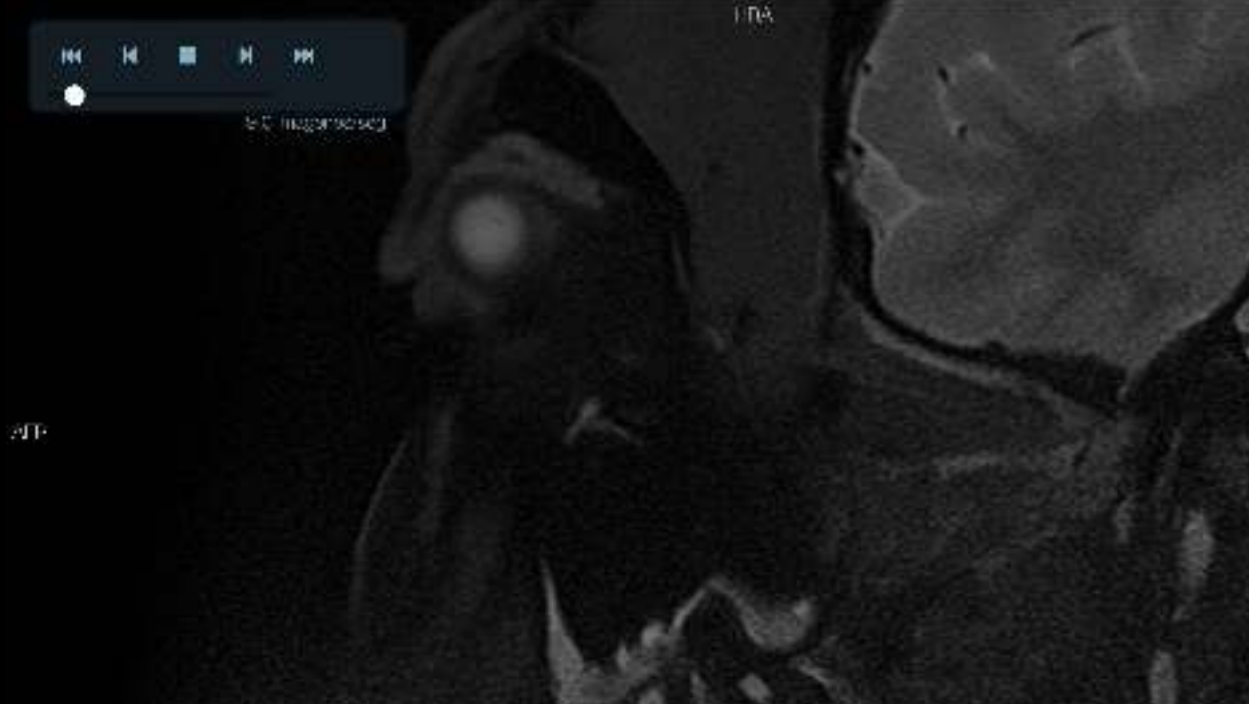
Advance memory material

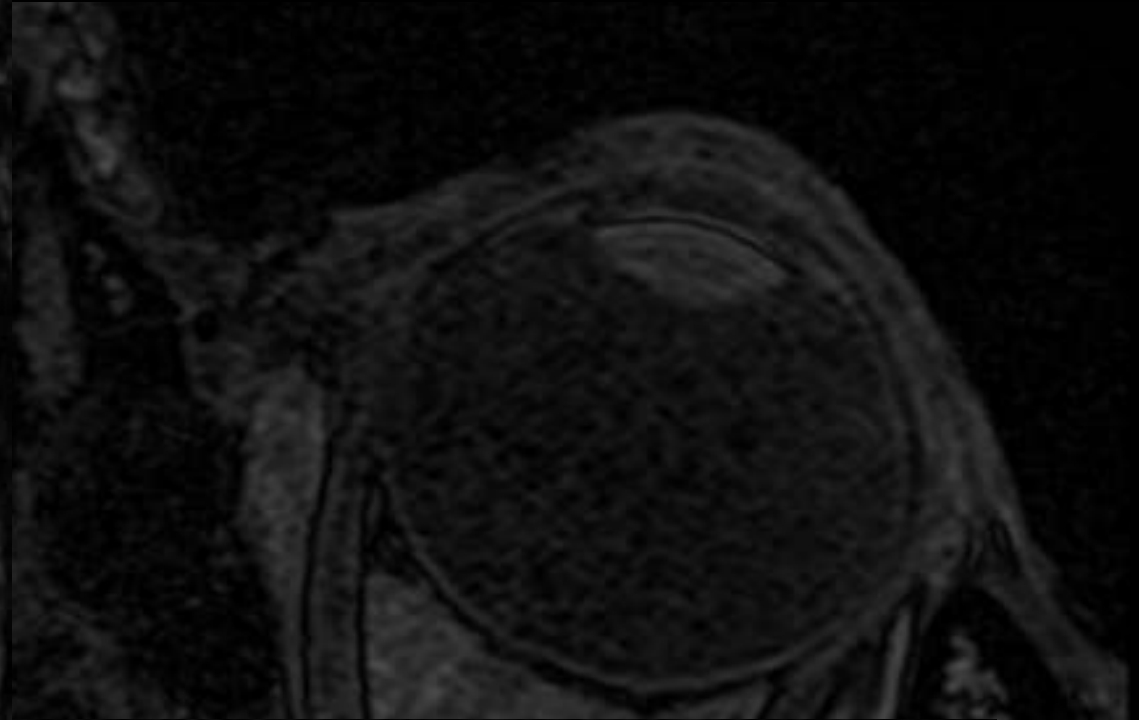
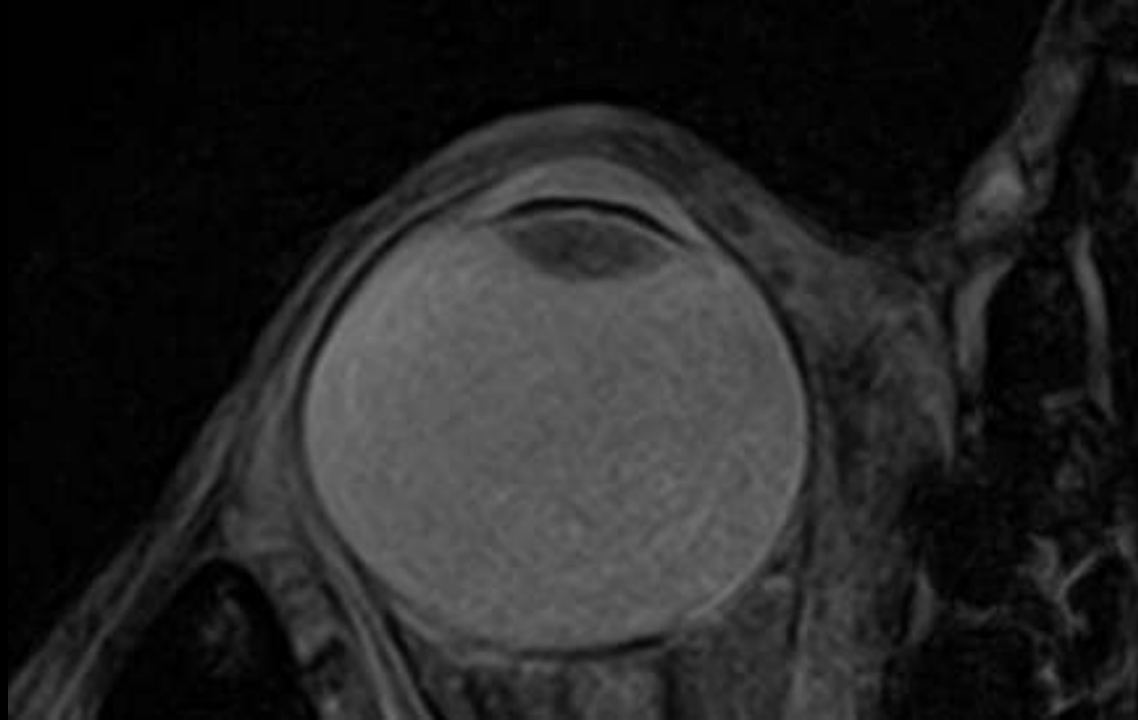


Optimized architecture

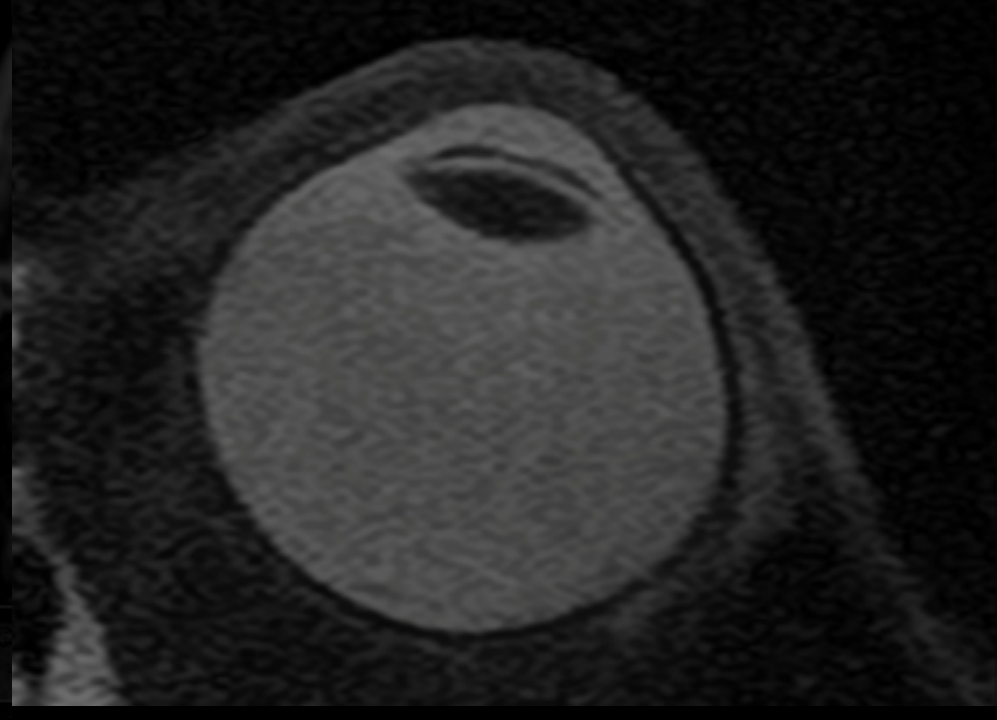
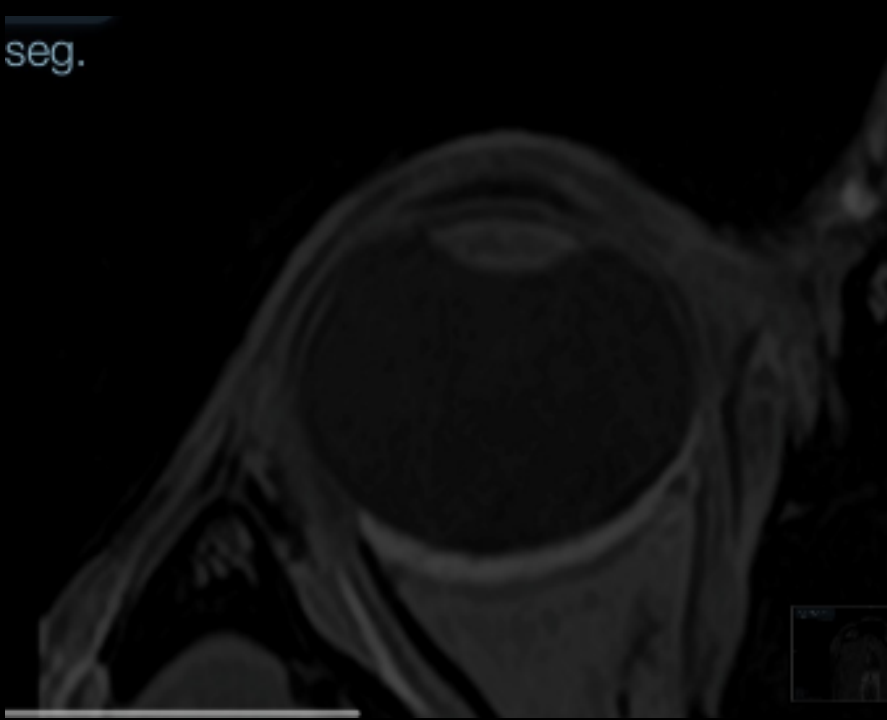
Other paths that we are exploring







seg.



C o n c l u s i o n s

The STS with the Quantel platform shows an effective performance, especially integrated into the calculator algorithm as an additional width measurement.

Biotech's BETA calculator with vault prediction shows a Top 2 correlation with OCT and Top 5 with STS in comparison with other published formulas. This result should be consolidated with a larger sample.

The deviations applied to the eye width measurements show a very exact adjustment individually.

- The accuracy of the calculator increases exponentially when 5 measurements are used simultaneously, instead of a single measurement, even though this is the most reproducible in individual comparison.

C o n c l u s i o n s

The first adjustment they have made for our equipment, has resulted in a percentage of patients of $67\% \pm 100$ microns, at the level of the most respected formulas in the sector.

The CASIA 2 has shown significantly better vault prediction than the MS39, perhaps due to the higher resolution at the angles

- The Biotech Advance Memory Material, coupled with the Optimized Architecture, seem to be the keys to the stability of the lens and the reduction of the dynamic vault.